

You thought you knew but didn't
Sumitomo Riko's Business
Episode 14. Smart Rubber (SR) Sensor

Ooh. What a beautiful day!

I feel great!

Ms. Tomoi!
Morning!

Mr. Tsuchiya! Ms. Usami!
Good morning!

New technology
research building,
Technopia

Sumitomo Riko
Technology Laboratories

I'm looking forward to
today!

Research Management Dept.
Mr. Tsuchiya

Health and Nursing Care
Products Business Unit
Ms. Usami

I understand that, here at Technopia,
you conduct research into the health
and nursing care sector and into
new products...

That's right

In particular, we are working to
deepen the technologies we have now
in our core competence of polymer
materials technologies,
and finding new ways
to use those technologies

I heard that
you can use rubber to
measure pressure...

Pressure
Rubber

That's right
We can measure the
"change in shape,"
so we can also measure
pressure and expansion
The point is to make
these things "visible"

Oh! I also heard at the Fuji-Susuno Plant that you can conduct electricity through our rubber!

Does that have anything to do with it?

That's exactly right! Also, our SR Soft Vision made it possible to find out how pressure is distributed. This is what the mechanism inside the sheet looks like

Really? So it's in layers, like this

Electrode

Dielectric layer (insulator)

Electrode

A

B

Mmm, but... How do you measure pressure with this?

It's based on the concept of electrostatic capacity. It's a bit difficult to understand, but basically, we are measuring the change in electric current in the distance between A and B

Whoosh

See?

(Push)

When you push down like this, if you look at it from the side...

The distances of (1) and (2) are different, so we measure the difference between them. Actually, and this is a key point, getting electricity to pass through in the same way, even when the measured section and other sections are expanding and contracting like this, is quite a difficult technology

Oh, I see!

(1)

(2)

Dielectric layer

A

B











